

March 1, 1999

Mr. Chuck Schwer VT Department of Environmental Conservation Waste Management Division 103 South Main St./ West Bldg. Waterbury, VT 05671-0404

RE: Subsurface Investigation, Former Stagecoach Transportation, Randolph, VT, (VTDEC #98-2380)

Dear Chuck:

Enclosed please find the Report on the Site Investigation of Suspected Subsurface Petroleum Contamination for the Former Stagecoach Transportation site in Randolph, Vermont. Mr. Frank Trombetta, Jr., requested that we forward a copy to you. Please call if you have any questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Timothy J. Kelly, PG

Geologist

Encl.

cc: Frank Trombetta, Jr. Midway Oil Company (w/o encl.)

GI #3985300

REPORT ON THE SITE INVESTIGATION OF SUBSURFACE PETROLEUM CONTAMINATION

\mathbf{AT}

FORMER STAGECOACH TRANSPORTATION Randolph, Vermont

VTDEC Site #98-2380 Griffin Proj. #3985300

February 19, 1999

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Prepared For:

Mr Frank Trombetta Midway Oil Company PO Box 8 Rutland, VT 05701

Prepared by



P.O. Box 943/19 Commerce St. Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 865-4288

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. INTRODUCTION	1
II. SITE BACKGROUND	1
III. INVESTIGATIVE PROCEDURES	2
 A. Monitoring Well Installation B. Determination of Groundwater Flow Direction and Gradient C. Groundwater Sampling and Analyses 	2 3 4
IV. EVALUATION OF POTENTIALLY SENSITIVE RECEPTORS	4
v. conclusions	5
VI. RECOMMENDATIONS	5
VII. REFERENCES	7
APPENDIX A - Site Maps APPENDIX B - Monitoring Well Logs APPENDIX C - Liquid Level Data APPENDIX D - Groundwater Quality Data, January 26, 1999	

I. INTRODUCTION

This report provides a summary of the tasks completed for the site investigation of suspected subsurface petroleum contamination at the former Stagecoach Transportation facility at 14 South Main Street in Randolph, Vermont (see Site Location Map in Appendix A). Results of the following investigative tasks performed by Griffin International, Inc., (Griffin) are presented:

- monitoring well installation;
- ♦ site survey;
- determination of groundwater flow direction and gradient;
- groundwater sampling and analyses;
- ♦ sensitive receptor survey.

This work is being performed based on requests from Mr. Chuck Schwer of the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation (VTDEC) in a letter to Mr. David Palmer of Stagecoach Transportation dated June 3, 1998. Work was performed in accordance with the June 10, 1998, Work Plan for Investigation of Subsurface Petroleum Contamination, prepared by Griffin with the exception noted below in Section III. Since the work plan and cost estimate were submitted, Midway Oil Company of Rutland, Vermont has acquired this former Stagecoach Transportation facility property. This work has been conducted as a result of the detection of contamination discovered during the course of a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) performed by Griffin on April 14, 1998.

II. SITE BACKGROUND

The former Stagecoach Transportation facility is located at 14 South Main Street in Randolph, Vermont (see Site Location Map in Appendix A). The entire site west of the shed is paved with asphalt and concrete. Topography at the site generally flat with a steep bank at the southwest corner of the property. The property is bounded to the south by a residence, on the east by the steep bank, on top of which are several residences, on the north by a farm/feed store and business offices and on the west by Main Street, across which are several businesses. The Third Branch of the White River flows to the southeast approximately 1,600 feet northeast of the property.

No supply well exists on the former Stagecoach Transportation property. The area is serviced by municipal water and sanitary sewer systems. The site is underlain by pebbly sands according to the Surficial Geologic Map of Vermont (Ref. 1). The bedrock underlying the subject property is mapped as the Barton River member of the Waits River Formation, which consists of interbedded siliceous crystalline limestone and sericite-quartz-chlorite phyllite, according to the Centennial Geologic Map of Vermont (Ref. 2). No bedrock exposures were observed on the former Stagecoach Transportation property or adjacent properties.

There are two gasoline USTs and a fuel oil UST on the subject property that are reportedly out of service at this time. The gasoline USTs are reportedly double walled steel, cathodically protected, and in compliance with current standards. The piping from the USTs is reportedly iron piping which would not be in compliance with current standards. The construction of the fuel oil UST is presumed to be single walled: There is one floor drain present in the vehicle bay of the building. On the opposite side of the building from the current floor drain there was reportedly a vehicle lift and potentially a floor drain which was not obvious due to building renovation.

On April 14, 1998, four soil borings were installed on-site to approximately 30 feet below grade to determine the presence or absence of petroleum contamination at the subject property as a part of a Phase II ESA. The soil borings were installed on the east and west sides of the existing gasoline USTs and the north and south sides of the pump island. Based on the screening results from soil boring installation, adsorbed-phase contamination is present in the vadose zone at the site, primarily near the pump island. Details of the soil boring installation are included in the Limited Phase II Environmental Site Assessment, Former Stagecoach Facility, dated May 1, 1998 (Ref. 3).

III. INVESTIGATIVE PROCEDURES

To further define the extent of subsurface petroleum contamination in the area of the former Stagecoach Transportation facility, the following additional investigative tasks were undertaken: installation of four monitoring wells; site survey; determination of groundwater flow direction and gradient; groundwater sampling and analyses for petroleum-related constituents; and an evaluation of sensitive receptors. The configuration of the monitoring well network proposed in the June 10, 1998, work plan (see Site Map, Appendix A) was revised in the field as follows. The wells were installed in locations similar locations to the soil borings installed on April 14, 1998. The well in the northwest quadrant (designated MW3) was moved farther north to be in a presumed downgradient location (based on the site topography) for the subject property and to avoid the municipal sewer reported to be located north of the pump island. The well in the northeast quadrant (designated MW1) was moved to the southwest quadrant due to lack of room for the original location and to avoid the municipal sewer in the vicinity between the north ends of the shed and the main facility building.

A. Monitoring Well Installation

On January 21 and 22, four monitoring wells were installed at the site (see Site Map in Appendix A). The boreholes were installed utilizing hollow-stem auger drilling methods. M&W Soils Engineering, Inc., of Charlestown, New Hampshire, installed the wells under the direct supervision of a Griffin geologist. During borehole advancement, two-foot soil samples were collected from every five foot run. Soils were screened for volatile organic compounds (VOCs)

using an HNuTM Model HW-101 portable photoionization detector (PID) using the Griffin Jar/Polyethylene Bag Headspace Screening Protocol, which conforms to state and industry standards. Soil characteristics and headspace concentrations were recorded by the geologist in detailed well logs which are presented in Appendix B. MW1 was installed at the west end of the USTs in a potential downgradient direction from the USTs. MW2 was installed as close as possible to the south side of the existing pump island. MW3 was installed in the presumed downgradient direction from the USTs, fuel oil UST, and the pump island. MW4 was installed in the presumed upgradient direction from the USTs and pump island.

Wells were completed with 2-inch diameter Schedule 40 PVC riser and factory-slotted screened intervals (0.010-inch slots). A silica sand pack was installed in the annular space surrounding the screened interval. The sand pack was brought to a minimum of one foot above the top of the screened interval. Each of the four wells was completed with a flush-mounted road box and secured with a compression cap. MW1, MW3, and MW4 were completed to depths of approximately 48 feet below grade and MW2 was completed to a depth of 52 feet below grade.

The soils encountered in the monitoring well boreholes generally consisted of light to medium brown, fine silty sand from below the asphalt to approximately 20 feet below grade. Soils from approximately 20 feet below grade to 47 feet below grade generally consisted of greenish gray to gray, interbedded silt, which is locally sandy, and sand which is locally silty with local lenses of sand and gravel. Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) were detected in the headspace of soil samples collected from the MW1, MW2, MW3, and MW4 boreholes. Minor petroleum odors were observed in soils samples collected from MW1, MW2, and MW4 boreholes. No petroleum staining was observed in the monitoring well boreholes.

Sediments encountered in the four wells were sand and silt with local gravel, which is consistent with the interpretation of the Surficial Geologic Map of Vermont (Ref. 1).

B. Determination of Groundwater Flow Direction and Gradient

The four wells were located in azimuth and elevation for inclusion on the Site Map presented in Appendix A. The top of PVC casing in MW1 was assigned an arbitrary elevation of 100.00 feet. The locations of the existing facility buildings and other prominent site features were surveyed for inclusion on this Site Map.

Prior to groundwater sampling on January 26, 1999, all four on-site monitoring wells were monitored for presence of free floating product and depths to water. Results are tabulated as Liquid Level Monitoring Data in Appendix C. No free-phase product was noted in the wells on January 26, 1999. For each well, the measured depth to water was subtracted from the surveyed elevation of the measurement reference point to determine the water table elevation. Water table elevations were plotted on the site map to generate the Groundwater Contour Map presented in

Appendix A. From this figure it can be seen that the groundwater flow is directed generally to the northeast toward the Third Branch of the White River at an approximate gradient of 1.1%.

C. Groundwater Sampling and Analyses

A groundwater sample was collected from each of the four monitoring wells, using disposable bailers, on January 26, 1999. Groundwater samples were analyzed by EPA Method 8260 by Endyne, Inc., laboratory of Williston, Vermont, for VOCs. Quality control (QC) samples (a trip blank and duplicate sample) were also collected. Analytical results are summarized in tabular form in Appendix D. The Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards (VGES) are provided for reference in this summary table. There are no VGES for the compounds isopropylbenzene and n-propylbenzene. Appendix D also contains the analytical laboratory reports. Analytical results of the trip blank and duplicate sample indicate that adequate Quality Assurance/ Quality Control was maintained throughout sample collection and analyses.

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene, and methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) were detected at concentrations above the VGES in the samples collected from MW1, MW2, and MW4 on January 26, 1999. Toluene was detected at a concentration above the VGES in the sample collected from MW4 on January 26, 1999. Select other VOCs were detected in the samples collected from MW1, MW2, and MW4 on January 26, 1999, at concentrations below the VGES, where such standards have been determined. Select VOCs were detected in MW3 at concentrations well below the applicable VGES, where such standards have been determined. Total VOC concentrations detected in the monitoring wells were plotted on the site map to generate the Contaminant Concentration Map contained in Appendix A.

IV. EVALUATION OF POTENTIALLY SENSITIVE RECEPTORS

The following potentially sensitive receptors in the vicinity of the former Stagecoach Transportation site were identified:

- the existing Stagecoach Transportation facility building,
- the Third Branch of the White River, located approximately 1,600 feet northeast of the former Stagecoach Transportation site.

Risks of vapor impact to the existing former Stagecoach Transportation facility building were determined to be minimal because the building has no basement and groundwater is found at an approximate depth of 42 feet below grade. Given the significant distance from the site to the Third Branch of the White River and the relative levels of contamination present, the current risks posed to this surface water body are likely to be minimal.

V. CONCLUSIONS

Based upon the results of the above investigative tasks, Griffin presents the following conclusions:

- 1) Based on the soil screening and laboratory analytical data from the previous Phase II investigation, and screening and laboratory analytical data from this investigation, it appears likely that the contamination at the site is the result of historical spills and overfills associated with the gasoline USTs fill ports and the operation of the dispensers at the site or from a previous UST installation.
- 2) MW1, MW3, and MW4 were installed to approximately 48 feet below grade, and MW3 was installed to a depth of 52 feet below grade on January 21 and 22, 1999.
- 3) Based on the screening results from monitoring well installation, adsorbed-phase contamination is present in the vadose zone at the site.
- 4) Groundwater was encountered at an approximate depth of 42 feet below grade on January 26, 1999. Based on the groundwater elevations measured on January 26, 1999, groundwater flows to the northeast at an average approximate gradient of 1.1%.
- 5) No free phase product has been detected at this site.
- 6) Select dissolved VOCs were detected at concentrations above the applicable VGES in the samples collected from MW1, MW2, and MW4 on January 26, 1999. Select dissolved VOCs were detected at concentrations below the applicable VGES in the sample collected from MW3 on January 26, 1999. It is expected that dissolved petroleum constituent concentrations will decrease over time with the progressive action of natural mitigative processes, including biodegradation, dispersion, and dilution.
- 7) Risks posed to potentially sensitive receptors in the vicinity of the former Stagecoach Transportation building appear minimal, based on currently available data.

VI. RECOMMENDATIONS

Based upon the above conclusions, Griffin recommends the following additional work.

1) To track migration of subsurface petroleum constituents at the site and document expected reductions in constituent concentrations, groundwater from MW1, MW2, and MW4 should be sampled and analyzed on a quarterly basis for one year. Samples should be analyzed by EPA Method 8021B for presence of BTEX and MTBE constituents. Recommendations for any

— presence of BTEX and MTBE constituents. Recommendations for any

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additional work that is warranted will be made depending on the results of the four rounds of sampling.

2) Because MW3 is in an apparently cross-gradient position from the apparent sources of contamination and the petroleum constituents detected in the sample collected from MW3 were detected at concentrations well below the applicable VGES, Griffin recommends that MW3 be removed from the sampling schedule. The depth to water in MW3 should be measured along with the other on-site wells during regular sampling of the other on-site wells.

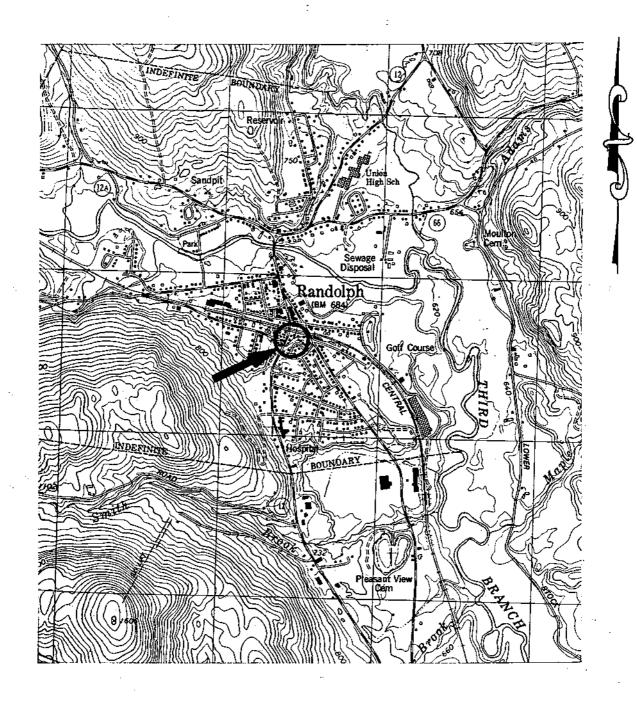
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VII. REFERENCES

- 1. Doll, Charles G., D.P. Stewart, and P. MacClintock, eds., 1970, Surficial Geologic Map of Vermont, State of Vermont.
- 2. Doll, Charles G., W.M. Cady, J. B. Thompson, Jr., and M.P. Billings eds., 1961, Centennial Geologic Map of Vermont, State of Vermont.
- 3. Griffin International, Inc., May 1, 1998, Limited Phase II Environmental Site Assessment, Former Stagecoach Facility, with map, drilling logs, and laboratory results, 4 p.

APPENDIX A

Site Maps



SOURCE: USGS- RANDOLPH, VERMONT QUADRANGLE

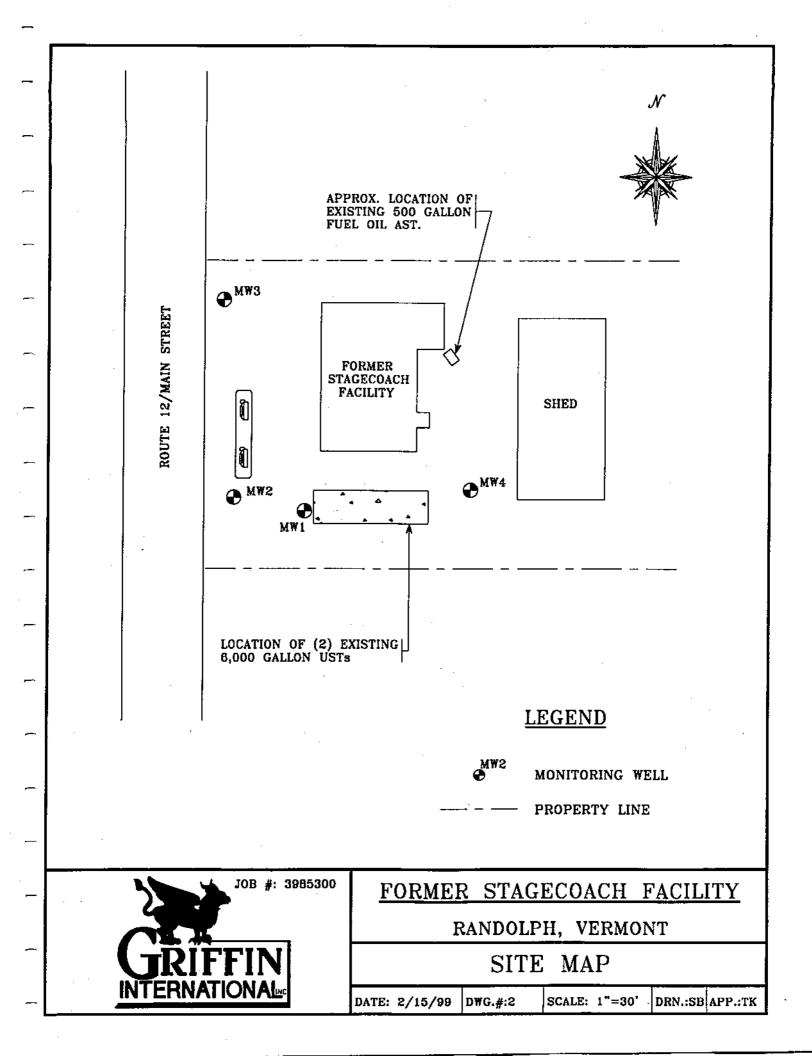


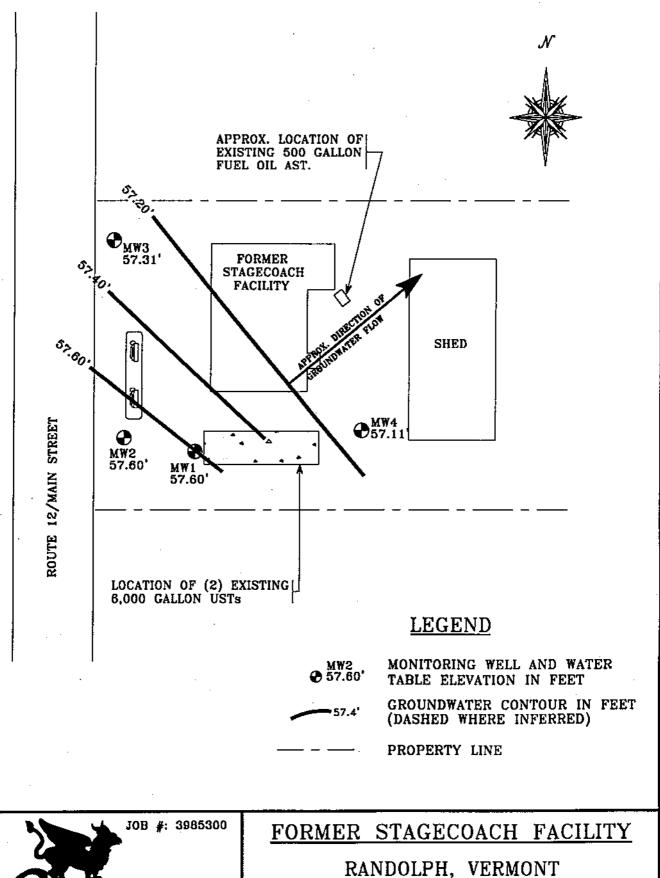
FORMER STAGECOACH FACILITY

RANDOLPH, VERMONT

SITE LOCATION MAP

DATE: 2/19/99 DWG.#:1 | SCALE: 1:24000 DRN.:SB APP.:TK





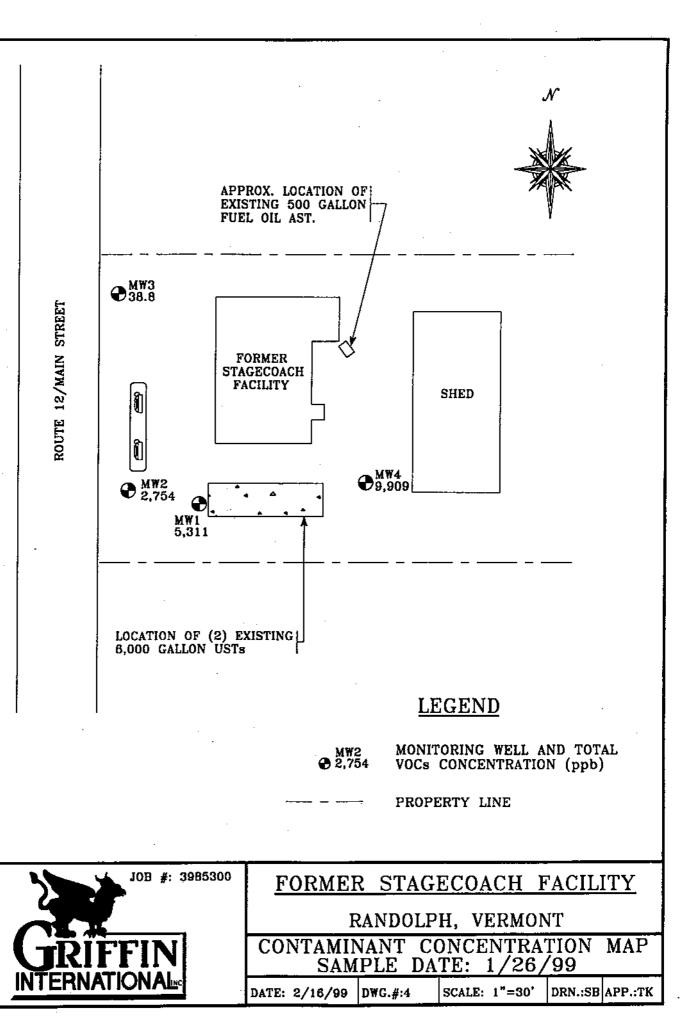


GROUNDWATER CONTOUR MAP MEASUREMENT DATE: 1/26/99

DATE: 2/16/99 DWG.#:3

SCALE: 1"=30'

DRN.:SB APP.:TK



APPENDIX B

Monitoring Well Logs

PROJECT FORMER STAGECOACH FACILITY PAGE 1 OF 2

OCATION RANDOLPH, VERMONT

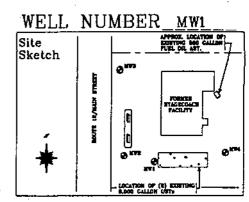
DATE DRILLED 1/21/99 TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 48.0'

DIAMETER 4.25"

SCREEN DIA. 2" LENGTH 10.0' SLOT SIZE 0.010"

ASING DIA. 2" LENGTH 37.5' TYPE sch 40 pvc

DRILLING CO. M&W DRILLING METHOD HSA



-25-

-DRILLI	ER MYRON DOM	NGUELOG BY	T. KELLEY	GRIFFIN INTERNATIONAL	L, IN
DEPTH IN FEET	WELL CONSTRUCTION	NOTES	BLOWS PER 6" OF SPOON & PID READINGS	DESCRIPTION/SOIL CLASSIFICATION (COLOR, TEXTURE, STRUCTURES)	DEPTH IN FEET
-		ROAD BOX	PENETRATION/ RECOVERY		
- 0 - - 1 - - 2 - - 3 -		ONCRETE NATIVE BACKFILL	0'-5' 0 ppm	SILT WITH SAND (ML)- 80% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity fines; 15% sand, 5% gravel; moist, medium brown, no HCL reaction, Low dry Strength	- 0 - - 1 - - 2 - - 3 -
- 4 - - 5 -		BENTONITE			- 4 - - 5 -
- 6 - - 7 -			5'-7' 10/15/17/15 0 ppm 24/18	WELL GRADED SAND (SW)- 5% silt, no plasticity fines; 85% fine to coarse sand, 10% gravel, well graded; moist, light grayish brown, stratified, no HCL reaction.	- 6 - - 7 -
- 8 - - 9 -					- 8 - - 9 -
10 11 12		NATIVE BACKFILL	10°-12° 4/6/7/7 0 ppm	SILTY SAND (SM)- 20% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, no plasticity fines; 80% fine, subangular sand, poorly graded; moist, light brown, laminated, no HCL reaction.	-10 - -11 - -12 -
-13 - -14 - -15 -					-13 - -14 - -15 -
-16 - -17 -			15'-17' 4/5/6/7	SILTY SAND (SM)- 30% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity fines; 70% fine, subangular sand, poorly graded; moist, light grayish brown, stratified, no HCL reaction.	-16 - -17 -
-18 - -19 -		WELL RISER			-18 - -19 -
-20- -21 - -22-			20'-20.1'	Same as above. SILT WITH SAND (ML)- 80% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, no plasticity, low dry strength fines; 20% fine, subangular sand; wet, greenish gray.	-20 -21 - -22-
23- 24-			1.8 ppm 21.5'-22' 0 ppm	laminated, no HCL reaction. POORLY GRADED SAND (SP)- 5% silt, no plasticity fines; 95% fine, subangular sand, poorly graded; moist, orange to light brown, laminated, no HCL reaction.	-23- -24- -25-

PROJECT FORMER STAGECOACH FACILITY PAGE 2 OF 2 LOCATION RANDOLPH, VERMONT

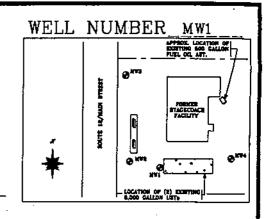
DATE DRILLED 1/21/99 TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 48.0'

DIAMETER 4.25"

SCREEN DIA. 2" LENGTH 10.0' SLOT SIZE 0.010"

CASING DIA. 2" LENGTH 37.5' TYPE sch 40 pvc

DRILLING CO. M&W DRILLING METHOD HSA



DEPTH NOTES BLOWS PER 6" OF SPOON 2 PID READINGS PRET CONSTRUCTION NOTES PRET COLOR, TEXTURE, STRUCTURES PRET NOTES PRET PRET PRET NOTES PRET PRE	DRILLI	ER MYRON DOM	NGUELOG BY.	T. KELLEY	GRIFFIN INTERNATIONAL	
25 - 26 - 27 - 28 - 29 - 30 - 34 - 35 - 28 - 30 - 34 - 34 - 35 - 37 - 37 - 38 - 39 - 39	− и	CONSTRUCTION	NOTES	6" OF SPOON	DESCRIPTION/SOIL CLASSIFICATION	DEPTH IN
25'-30' 3/4/5/4 25'-26.6" 27 -28 -29 -30 -31 -31 -32 -33 -34 -34 -35 -36 -37 -38 -36 -37 -38 -39 -39 -38 -39 -39 -39 -39 -39 -39 -39 -30 -31 -38 -39 -39 -38 -39 -39 -39 -39 -38 -39 -39 -39 -39 -39 -39 -39 -39 -39 -39				PENETRATION/RECOVERY		
-38	- 26- - 27- - 28- - 29- - 30- - 31- - 32- - 33- - 34- - 35- - 36-			25'-30' 3/4/5/4 25'-25.8' 6.6 ppm 25.6'-27' 6.6 ppm 24/22 30'-35' 6/7/6/6 30.2'-30.8' 20 ppm 30.8'-32' 20 ppm 24/23 35'-37' 3/3/3/4	SILTY SAND (SM)— 30% silt, rapid dilatancy, no plasticity fines; 70% fine, subangular sand, poorly graded; moist, light gray, stratified, no HCL reaction. SILT WITH SAND (ML)— 80% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, no plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 20% fine, subangular sand, wet, gray, laminated, no HCL reaction. Same as above. POORLY GRADED SAND (SP)— 5% silt, no plasticity, fines; 95% fine, subangular sand, poorly graded, moist, light brown, stratified, no HCL reaction. SANDY SILT (ML)— 60% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, no plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 40% fine, subangular sand, moist, olive gray, laminated, no HCL reaction. SILT WITH SAND (ML)— 80% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, no plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 20% fine, subangular sand, wet, olive gray, subangular sand, wet, olive gray,	-26- -27- -28- -29- -30- -31- -32- -33- -34- -35- -36-
43.0' WATER TABLE -44- -45- -46- -47- -48- -49	-38- -39- -40- -41- -42-			40'-41' 2.7 ppm 41'-42' 2.7 ppm	Same as above. SILTY SAND (SM)- 30% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, no plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 70% fine, subangular sand, poorly graded, wet,	-38- -39- -40- -41- -42-
-48 UNDISTURBED BASE OF WELL AT 48' -49 UNDISTURBED NATIVE SOIL END OF EXPLORATION AT 48' -49	44- 45- 46-				43.0' WATER TABLE V	-44- -45- -46-
	48_		UNDISTURBED			-48-

PROJECT FORMER STAGECOACH FACILITY PAGE 1 OF 2

OCATION RANDOLPH, VERMONT

DATE DRILLED 1/21/99 TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 47.0'

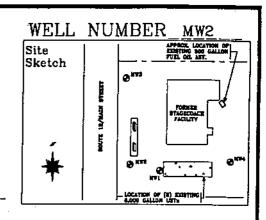
TIAMETER 4.25"

SCREEN DIA. 2" LENGTH 12.0' SLOT SIZE 0.010"

ASING DIA. 2" LENGTH 39.5' TYPE sch 40 pvc

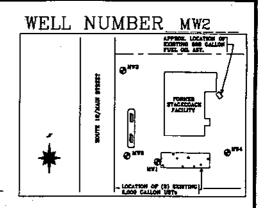
DRILLING CO. M&W DRILLING METHOD HSA

DRILLER MYRON DOMINGUE LOG BY T. KELLEY



				GRIFFIN INTERNATIONAL	L, INC
DEPT IN FEE	CONSTRUCTION		BLOWS PER 6" OF SPOON & PID READINGS	DESCRIPTION/SOIL CLASSIFICATION (COLOR, TEXTURE, STRUCTURES)	DEPTH IN FEET
o	TO PROTECTION OF THE PARTY OF T	ROAD BOX LOCKING WELL CAP CONCRETE	PENE TRATION/ RECOVERY	Asphalt	- 0 -
- 3		NATIVE BACKFILL		SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM)— 35% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 50% fine to coarse, subangular sand, 15% gravel, moist, medium brown to gray, stratified, no HCL reaction.	- 1 - - 2 - - 3 -
- 5 - 6		BENTONITE	5'-10' 4/16/12/9 5.5'-7'	Same as above. WELL GRADED SAND (SW)— 5% silt, no plasticity, fines; 85% fine to coarse, subangular sand, 10% subangular to	5 - 6 -
-8 -8 -9			THE PP	subrounded gravel, well graded, moist, light brown, stratified, no HCL reaction.	- 7 - - 8 - - 9 -
-10 - -11 - -12 -		NATIVE BACKFILL	101-121	SILTY SAND (SM)- 20% silt, no plasticity fines; 80% fine, sand, poorly graded; moist, light brown, laminated, no HCL reaction.	-10 - -11 - -12 -
-13 - -14 - -15 - -16 -			15'-17' 5/6/8/8 49 ppm	SILTY SAND (SM) - 20% silt, no plasticity fines; 80% fine, sand, poorly graded; moist, light grayish brown, stratified, no HCL reaction.	-13 - -14 - -15 - -16 -
17- -18- 1-19- 20-			એ4/22 20'-25' 4/7/7/5	ncb reaction.	-17 - -18 - -19 -
-21 -			20'-21.5' 184 ppm 21.5'-22'	SILTY SAND (SM) - 20% silt, rapid dilatancy, no plasticity, fines; 80% fine, subangular sand, poorly graded, moist, light grayish brown, stratified and laminated, no HCL reaction. SILT WITH SAND (ML) - 85% silt, rapid	-20- -21 - -22-
24-			24/24 I	dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 15% fine, subangular sand, wet, olive gray, laminated, no HCL reaction.	-23- -24-
-25- -26-			25'-30' 5/7/7/8	SILT (ML)- 90% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, fines; 10% fine, subangular sand, wet, greenish gray, laminated, no HCL reaction. Jou day Hrength	-25- -26-

PROJECT FORMER STAGECOACH FACILITY PAGE 2 OF 2 OCATION RANDOLPH, VERMONT DATE DRILLED 1/21/99 TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 42.0' SCREEN DIA. 2" LENGTH 12.0' SLOT SIZE 0.010" ASING DIA. 2" LENGTH 39.5' TYPE sch 40 pvc



PRILLER MYRON DOMINGUELOG BY T. KELLEY

DRILLING CO. <u>M&W</u> DRILLING METHOD HSA

GRIFFIN	INTERNATIONAL,	INC

DEPTH WELL IN CONSTRUCTION NOTES BLOWS PER 6" OF SPOON COLOR, TEXTURE, STRUCTURES) PER PID READINGS	гH
& PID READINGS (COLOR, TEXTORE, BIROCIORES) FEE	
26'-27' SILTY SAND (SM)- 20% silt, no plasticity, fines; 80% fine, subangular sand, poorly graded, moist, light brown, laminated, no HCL reaction.	'-
-29-29-29	
SANDY SILT (ML)- 55% silt, rapid dilatancy. Sandy Silt (ML)- 55%	
30'-32' 22 ppm 24/24 -33	
-34-	ŀ
35 - SILT (ML)- 95% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 5% fine, subangular sand, wet, olive	
37 gray, stratified, no HČL reaction. SILTY SAND (SM)- 35% silt, low plasticity, fines; 65% fine, subangular sand, poorly graded, moist, light olive gray,	
-39 -	-
SAND PACK 40'-40.5' 4.9 ppm SILT WITH SAND (ML)- 80% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 20% fine, or the part of the strength of	
40.5-42 4.9 ppm 43-43-43-43-43-43-43-43-43-43-43-43-43-4	
sand, poorly graded, moist, light olive gray and rust, stratified, no HCL reaction.	
43.0' WATER TABLE ▼ 43.0' WATER TABLE ▼ 45.0' WATER TABLE ▼ 45.0' WATER TABLE ▼ 45.0' WATER TABLE ▼ 45.0' WATER TABLE ▼	-
-47- 45'-50' 3/4/5/7 13.4 ppm SILTY SAND (SM)- 45% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 55% fine, subangular sand, poorly graded, wet, -48	1
-49- gray, stratified, no HCL reaction49	
-50 -51 BOTTOM CAP	
52 BASE OF WELL AT 52' 52	
NATIVE SOIL END OF EXPLORATION AT 52'	

PROJECT FORMER STAGECOACH FACILITY PAGE 1 OF 2

OCATION RANDOLPH, VERMONT

DATE DRILLED 1/21/99 TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 48.0'

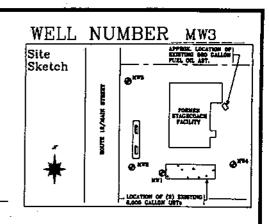
DIAMETER 4.25"

SCREEN DIA 2" LENGTH 10.0' SLOT SIZE 0.010"

ASING DIA 2" LENGTH 37.5' TYPE sch 40 pvc

DRILLING CO. M&W DRILLING METHOD HSA

DRILLER MYRON DOMINGUE LOG BY T. KELLEY



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_	DEPTH IN FEET	WELL CONSTRUCTION		BLOWS PER 6" OF SPOON & PID READINGS	COLOR, TEXT	SOIL CLASSIFICATION TURE, STRUCTURES)	DEPTH IN FEET
_	- 0 -			PENETRATION/RECOVERY			0 -
	- 1 -		—— CONCRETE				
	- 2 - - 3 -		NATIVE BACKFILL		low dry strength.	ghness, low plasticity, fines; 45% subangular nded gravel, moist,	- 2 -
 	4 5		Bentonite		reaction.	·	- 4 - - 5 -
	- 6 - - 7 -			5'-10' 4/5/4/5 5'-5.4'	low dry strength, coarse sand, 5% g medium brown, st	ghness, low plasticity, fines; 65% fine to ravel, bimodal, moist,	- 6 - - 7 -
	- 8 - - 9 -			0 ppm 6.1'-7'	low dry strength,	ghness, low plasticity, //	- 8 - - 9 -
	-10 - -11 -		NATIVE BACKFILL	24/2 3	to greenish gray, HCL reaction. SILTY SAND (SM)— plasticity, fines; 8:	homogeneous, no	-10 - -11 -
	-12 - -13 - -14 -				stratified, no HCL	reaction.	-12 - -13 - -14 -
7	-15 -						14 – 15 –
	-16 -			24121	fines; 85% fine, su	15% silt, no plasticity bangular sand, poorly at gray, laminated.	-16
_	-17 - -18 -			Оррт	-,		-17 - -18 -
	-19						_18 _19 _
 -	-20-			20'-25' 3/3/7/9	dilatancy, low toug	L)- 75% silt, rapid threes, low plasticity,	-20-
 	-21 -			21.5'-22'	low dry strength, i	fines; 25% fine, noist, olive gray, no	-21 - -22-
	-23-			o ppm			-22- -23-
<u> </u>	-24-						-24-
上	-25-						-25-

PROJECT_FORMER STAGECOACH FACILITY PAGE 2 OF 2

OCATION_RANDOLPH, VERMONT

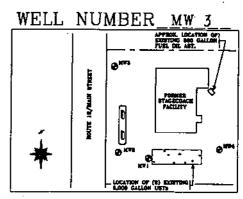
DATE DRILLED_1/21/99 TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE _48.0'

DIAMETER__4.25"

SCREEN DIA. _2" LENGTH__10.0' SLOT SIZE _0.010"

ASING DIA. _2" LENGTH__37.5' TYPE_sch_40_pvc

DRILLING CO. __M&W ___DRILLING METHOD_HSA



DRILL	ER MYRON DOM	INGUELOG BY	T. KELLEY	GRIFFIN INTERNATIONAL	L. INC
DEPT IN FEET	CONSTRUCTION	NOTES	BLOWS PER 6" OF SPOON & PID READINGS	DESCRIPTION/SOIL CLASSIFICATION	
-25 -26 -27 -28 -29 -30 -31 -32 -33 -34 -35 -36 -37 -38 -39		NATIVE BACKFILL WELL RISER BENTONITE SAND PACK	25'-30' 4/4/3/5 25'-26.5' 23 ppm 26.5'-27' 23 ppm 24//9 30'-35' 5/7/7/7 30'-32' 6.9 ppm 30.8'-32' 20 ppm 24//9	SILT WITH SAND (ML)- 75% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 25% fine sand, moist, clive gray, stratified, no HCL reaction. SILTY SAND (SM)- 40% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, fines; 60% fine, subangular sand, moist, light gray, laminated, no HCL reaction. SILTY SAND (SM)- 45% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 55% fine, subangular sand, poorly graded, moist, olive gray, stratified, no HCL reaction. SILT (ML)- 90% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 5% fine, subangular sand, wet, olive gray, laminated, no HCL reaction.	-25- -26- -27- -28- -29- -30- -31- -32- -33- -34- -35- -36- -37- -38- -39-
-40- -41- -42- -43- -44- -45- -46-		WELL SCREEN	40'-45' 4/5/4/5 40'-42' 2.1 ppm 24/23	SILTY SAND (SM)- 15% silt, no plasticity, fines; 85% fine, subangular sand, poorly graded, moist, light gray to rust, stratified, no HCL reaction. 43.0' WATER TABLE SILT (ML)- 90% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 10% fine, subangular sand, wet, gray, homogeneous, no HCL reaction.	-40 - -41 - -42 - -43 - -44 - -45 - -46 -
-47- -48- -49- -50-		UNDISTURBED NATIVE SOIL	45'−47' 0.4 ppm 24//7	SILTY SAND (SM) - 30% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 70% fine, subangular sand, poorly graded, wet, gray, stratified, no HCL reaction. BASE OF WELL AT 48' END OF EXPLORATION AT 48'	-47- -48- -49- -50-

PROJECT FORMER STAGECOACH FACILITY PAGE 1 OF 2

OCATION RANDOLPH, VERMONT

DATE DRILLED 1/21/99 TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 50.0'

NAMETER 4.25"

SCREEN DIA. 2" LENGTH 10.0' SLOT SIZE 0.010"

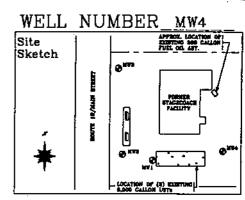
ASING DIA. 2" LENGTH 37.5' TYPE sch 40 pvc

JRILLING CO. M&W DRILLING METHOD HSA

PRILLER MYRON DOMINGUE LOG BY T. KELLEY

GRIFF

DEPTH WELL NOTES BLOWS PER DESCRIPTION



ı			ween br		GRIFFIN INTERNATIONAL,	<i>INC</i>
-	DEPTH IN FEET	WELL CONSTRUCTION	NOTES	BLOWS PER 6" OF SPOON & PID READINGS PENETRATION/		EPTH IN EET
	- 0 -		ROAD BOX LOCKING WELL CAP CONCRETE	RECOVERY		0 -
-	- 1 - - 2 -					1 - 2 -
-	3 -		NATIVE BACKFILL	·		3 -
-	5 -		BENTONITE	5'-10' 9/18/12/9	SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM)- 25% silt,	5 - 6 -
	- 7 - - 8 -			5'-7'	fine to coarse, subangular to subrounded sand, 20% gravel, well graded, medium brown, moiet, stratified, no HCL reaction	7 – 8 –
	- 9 - 10 -				SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM)- 25% silt, low plasticity, fines; 75% fine,	9 – 10 –
	-11 - -12 -		NATIVE BACKFILL	10'-15' 8/10/12/14 10'-12'	gray, moist, stratified and laminated, no HCL reaction. SILTY SAND (SM)- 15% silt, low plasticity, fines; 85% fine, subangular sand, poorly	11 -
	-13 -			n = 200 = 1	no HCL reaction.	13 –
_	1. -15 -			15'-17' 5/6/6/7	SILTY SAND (SM)- 20% silt. no plasticity	15 –
-	-16 - -17 -		:	1	light gray, stratified, no HCL reaction.	16 – 17 –
-	-18 - -19 -			Į.	SANDY SILT (ML)- 55% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength fines: 45% fine.	18 – 19 –
ļ. ;-	_20_ _21_			20'-25' 6/11/10/8	subangular sand, olive gray, moist, laminated, no HCL reaction. POORLY GRADED SAND WITH SILT (SP-SM) 2	20 – 21 –
-	-22 - -23-			4.1 ppm 24/20	brown, moist, laminated, no HCL /	22- 23-
	-24-				i	24-
-	<u> </u> -25-					25-

WELL NUMBER MW4 PROJECT FORMER STAGECOACH FACILITY PAGE 2 OF 2 OCATION RANDOLPH, VERMONT DATE DRILLED 1/21/99 TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 50.0' **Mak**21 DIAMETER 4.25" SCREEN DIA. 2" LENGTH 10.0' SLOT SIZE 0.010" CASING DIA. 2" LENGTH 37.5' TYPE sch 40 pvc DRILLING CO. <u>M&W</u> DRILLING METHOD HSA TRILLER MYRON DOMINGUELOG BY T. KELLEY GRIFFIN INTERNATIONAL. INC BLOWS PER WELL DEPTH DEPTH DESCRIPTION/SOIL CLASSIFICATION NOTES 6" OF SPOON IN IN ICONSTRUCTION (COLOR, TEXTURE, STRUCTURES) FEET FEET & PID READINGS PENETRATION / RECOVERY 25 25 SANDY SILT (ML)- 55% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 45% (inc. subangular sand, 26 26-25'-30' 8/9/9/8 olive gray to light brown, moist 27-25'-27' 27 NATIVE BACKFILL laminated and stratified, no HCL 4.1 ppm reaction. 28-28 24/19 SANDY SILT (ML)- 85% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 35% fine, 29 29 subangular sand, clive gray, moist, no 30 30 HCL reaction. POORLY GRADED SAND (SP)- 5% silt, no plasticity, fines; 95% fine, subangular -31 31 WELL RISER 30'-32' 9/13/11/11 sand, poorly graded, light grayish brown, 30.5'-32' 32-·32 laminated and stratified, no HCL 0.2 ppm reaction. 33 33 24/20 34 34 -35 -35 SANDY SILT (ML)- 65% silt, rapid dilatancy, BENTONITE low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 35% fine, subangular sand, :36 · -36 35'-40' 7/7/7/6 wet, olive gray, stratified, no HCL reaction. 35'-37' 37 -37 39 ppm -38-38 SILTY SAND (SM)- 30% silt, rapid dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 70% fine, 39 --39 SAND PACK subangular sand, poorly graded, olive gray, moist, stratified, no HCL reaction. 40--40· SANDY SILT (ML)- 55% silt, rapid dilatancy, 41 41 low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 45% fine, subangular 40'-45' 4/5/5/9 42--42-40'-42' sand, olive gray, wet, stratified, no HCL reaction. 1.2 ppm 43-43 WELL SCREEN 24/18 44-44 45 45 46.0' WATER TABLE 46-46 45'-50' 3/4/4/4

45'-47'

31 ppm

24/23

BOTTOM CAP

UNDISTURBED

NATIVE SOIL

47-

48

49

-50

SANDY SILT (ML)- 60% silt, rapid

wet, stratified, no HCL reaction.

BASE OF WELL AT 48' END OF EXPLORATION AT 48'

dilatancy, low toughness, low plasticity, low dry strength, fines; 40% fine,

subangular sand, olive gray then gray,

47-

48-

49.

50.

APPENDIX C

Liquid Level Data

Liquid Level Monitoring Data, Former Stagecoach Facility Randolph, VT

Monitoring Date: 12-30-98

Well I.D.	Top of Casing Elevation	Depth to Product	Depth to Water	Product Thickness	Water Table Elevation
MW-1	100.00	-	42.40	- ·	57.60
MW-2	99.91	-	42.31	_ -	57.60
MW-3	99.39	-	42.08	-	57.31
MW-4	100.69	-	43.58		57.11

Note: All values reported in feet.

NM = Not Measured

APPENDIX D

Groundwater Quality Data, January 26, 1999

Summary of Groundwater Quality Data, Former Stagecoach Facility Randolph, VT

DETECTED	1-26-99				
PARAMETERS	MW1	MW2	MW3	MW4	VGES*
Benzene	243.	107.	1.3	1,010.	5
Chloroform	ND(50)	ND(20)	1.8	ND(20)	6
Isopropylbenzene	ND(50)	ND(20)	ND(1)	31.2	
n-Propylbenzene	ND(50)	ND(20)	ND(1)	81.6	
Ethylbenzene	58.0	40.4	ND(1)	361.	700
Toluene	438.	118.	ND(1)	1,950.	1000
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	190.	110.	2.5	781,	5
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	64.0	47.6	1.4	274.	4
Xylenes	448.	331.	5.7	2,670.	10000
MTBE	3,870.	2,000.	26.1	2,750.	40
Total Detected VOCs	5,311.	2,754.	38.8	9,909.	•

All values reported in ug/L (ppb)

Detections are Bold

Values greater than the applicable Groundwater Standard are shaded

NA - Not Analyzed

ND(1000) - Not Detected (Detection Limit)

TBQ(1) - Trace Below Quantitation Limit (Detection Limit)

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standard



32 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

LABORATORY REPORT

CLIENT: Griffin International

PROJECT: Stagecoach/#3985300

REPORT DATE: February 11, 1999 REVISED REPORT February 11 1999 ORDER ID: 1175

DATE RECEIVED: January 27, 1999

Enclosed please find the results of the analyses performed for the samples referenced on the attached chain of custody. Different groups of analyses may be reported under separate cover.

All samples were prepared and analyzed by requirements outlined in the referenced methods and within the specified holding times.

All instrumentation was calibrated with the appropriate frequency and verified by the requirements outlined in the referenced methods.

Blank contamination was not observed at levels affecting the analytical results.

Analytical method precision and accuracy was monitored by laboratory control standards which included matrix spike, duplicate and quality control analyses. These standards were determined to be within established laboratory method acceptance limits, unless otherwise noted.

Reviewed by,

Harry B. Locker, Ph.D. Laboratory Director

enclosures



32 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

LABORATORY REPORT

SW 8260

CLIENT: Griffin International PROJECT: Stagecoach/#3985300

SITE: Trip Blank

DATE RECEIVED: January 27, 1999 REPORT DATE: February 5, 1999 ANALYSIS DATE: February 1, 1999 ORDER ID: 1175

REFERENCE NUMBER: 134212 DATE SAMPLED: January 26, 1999

TIME SAMPLED: 7:10 AM

111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1, 1333
	Result
<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L
Benzene	< 1.0
Bromobenzene	< 1.0
Bromochloromethane	< 2.0
Bromodichloromethane	< 1.0
Bromoform	< 1.0
Bromomethane	< 5.0
n-Butylbenzene	< 1.0
sec-Butylbenzene	< 1.0
tert-Butylbenzene	< 1.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 1.0
Chlorobenzene	< 1.0
Chloroethane	< 5.0
Chloroform	< 1.0
Chloromethane	< 10.0
2-Chlorotoluene	< 2.0
4-Chlorotoluene	< 2.0
Dibromochloromethane	< 1.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropan	e <2.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.0
Dibromomethane	< 2.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 10.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 1.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0
1,3-Dichloropropane	< 1.0
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Ethylbenzene	< 1.0

.	Result
Parameter	<u>ug/L</u>
Hexachlorobutadiene	< 5.0
Isopropylbenzene	< 1.0
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 1.0
Methylene Chloride	< 5.0
MTBE	< 2.0
Naphthalene	< 5.0
n-Propylbenzene	< 1.0
Styrene	< 1.0
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
Tetrachloroethene	< 1.0
Toluene	< 1.0
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
Trichloroethene	< 1.0
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.0
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 1.0
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 1.0
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 1.0
Vinyl Chloride	< 5.0
Xylenes, Total	< 2.0
Surrogate 1	106.%
Surrogate 2	110.%
Surrogate 3	94.2%
UIP's	0.



32 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

LABORATORY REPORT

SW 8260

CLIENT: Griffin International PROJECT: Stagecoach/#3985300

SITE: MW #1

DATE RECEIVED: January 27, 1999 REPORT DATE: February 11, 1999

ANALYSIS DATE: February 4, 1999

ORDER ID: 1175

REFERENCE NUMBER: 134216

DATE SAMPLED: January 26, 1999

TIME SAMPLED: 12:03 PM

	Result		Result
<u>Parameter</u>	<u>ug/L</u>	<u>Parameter</u>	<u>ug/L</u>
Benzene	243.	1,1-Dichloropropene	< 50.0
Bromobenzene	< 50.0	cis-1,3-Dichtoropropene	< 50.0
Bromochloromethane	< 100.	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 50.0
Bromodichloromethane	< 50.0	Ethylbenzene	58.0
Bromoform	< 50.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 250.
Bromomethane	< 250.	Isopropylbenzene	< 50.0
n-Butylbenzene	< 50.0	p-Isopropyltoluene	< 50.0
sec-Butylbenzene	< 50.0	Methylene Chloride	< 250.
tert-Butylbenzene	< 50.0	MTBE	3,870.
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 50.0	Naphthalene	< 250.
Chlorobenzene	< 50,0	n-Propylbenzene	< 50.0
Chloroethane	< 250.	Styrene	< 50.0
Chloroform	< 50.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 100.
Chloromethane	< 500.	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 100.
2-Chiorotoluene	< 100.	Tetrachloroethene	< 50.0
4-Chlorotoluene	< 100.	Toluene	438.
Dibromochloromethane	< 50.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 100.
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 100.	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 100.
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 100.	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 50.0
Dibromomethane	< 100.	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 50.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 50.0	Trichloroethene	< 50.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 50.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	< 100.
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 50.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 50.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 500.	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	190.
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 50.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	64.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 50.0	Vinyl Chloride	< 2 50.
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 50.0	Xylenes, Total	448.
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 50.0	Surrogate 1	108.%
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 50.0	Surrogate 2	93.1%
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 50.0	Surrogate 3	95.9%
1,3-Dichloropropane	< 50.0	UIP's	5.
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 50.0		



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LABORATORY REPORT

SW 8260

CLIENT: Griffin International PROJECT: Stagecoach/#3985300

SITE: MW #2

DATE RECEIVED: January 27, 1999 REPORT DATE: February 11, 1999 ANALYSIS DATE: February 4, 1999 ORDER ID: 1175

REFERENCE NUMBER: 134215 DATE SAMPLED: January 26, 1999

TIME SAMPLED: 11:44 AM

	Result		Result
<u>Parameter</u>	$\underline{\mathrm{ug/L}}$	<u>Parameter</u>	<u>ug/L</u>
Benzene	107.	1,1-Dichloropropene	< 20.0
Bromobenzene	< 20.0	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 20.0
Bromochloromethane	< 40.0	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 20.0
Bromodichloromethane	< 20.0	Ethylbenzene	40.4
Bromoform	< 20.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 100.
Bromomethane	< 100.	Isopropylbenzene	< 20.0
n-Butylbenzene	< 20.0	p-Isopropyltoluene	< 20.0
sec-Butylbenzene	< 20.0	Methylene Chloride	< 100.
tert-Butylbenzene	< 20.0	MTBE	2,000.
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 20.0	Naphthalene	< 100.
Chlorobenzene	< 20.0	n-Propylbenzene	< 20.0
Chloroethane	< 100.	Styrene	< 20.0
Chloroform	< 20.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 40.0
Chloromethane	< 200.	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 40.0
2-Chlorotoluene	< 40.0	Tetrachloroethene	< 20.0
4-Chlorotoluene	< 40.0	Toluene	118.
Dibromochloromethane	< 20.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 40.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 40.0	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 40.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 40.0	l,l,l-Trichloroethane	< 20.0
Dibromomethane	< 40,0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 20.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 20.0	Trichloroethene	< 20.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 20.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	< 40.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 20.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 20.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 200.	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	110.
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 20.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	47.6
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 20.0	Vinyl Chloride	< 100.
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 20.0	Xylenes, Total	331.
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 20.0	Surrogate 1	108.%
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 20.0	Surrogate 2	94.3%
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 20.0	Surrogate 3	91.9%
1,3-Dichloropropane	< 20.0	UIP's	6.
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 20.0		



32 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

> Result ug/L $\leq 250.$ < 50.0 < 50.0 < 250. 4,310. < 250.< 50.0 < 50.0 < 100.< 100. < 50.0 451. < 100.< 100.< 50.0< 50.0 < 50.0 < 100. < 50.0 177. 64.5 <250. 449. 110.% 94.6% 89.2% 5.

LABORATORY REPORT

SW 8260

CLIENT: Griffin International PROJECT: Stagecoach/#3985300

SITE: Duplicate

DATE RECEIVED: January 27, 1999 REPORT DATE: February 5, 1999 ANALYSIS DATE: February 4, 1999 **ORDER ID: 1175**

REFERENCE NUMBER: 134217

DATE SAMPLED: January 26, 1999

TIME SAMPLED: 12:03 PM

THE TOLD DIETS.	1 001441 1, 1777	71171D1D1. 725
	Result	
<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L	Parameter
Benzene	245.	Hexachlorobutadiene
Bromobenzene	< 50.0	Isopropylbenzene
Bromochloromethane	< 100.	p-Isopropyltoluene
Bromodichloromethane	< 50.0	Methylene Chloride
Bromoform	< 50.0	MTBE
Bromomethane	< 250.	Naphthalene
n-Butylbenzene	< 50.0	n-Propylbenzene
sec-Butylbenzene	< 50.0	Styrene
tert-Butylbenzene	< 50.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 50.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
Chlorobenzene	< 50.0	Tetrachloroethene
Chloroethane	< 250.	Toluene
Chloroform	< 50.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
Chloromethane	< 500.	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
2-Chlorotoluene	< 100.	1,1,1-Trichloroethane
4-Chlorotoluene	< 100.	1,1,2-Trichloroethane
Dibromochloromethane	< 50.0	Trichloroethene
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropa	ne < 100.	Trichlorofluoromethane
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 100.	1,2,3-Trichloropropane
Dibromomethane	< 100.	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 50.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
1,3-Dichlorobenzene.	< 50.0	Vinyl Chloride
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 50.0	Xylenes, Total
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 500.	Surrogate 1
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 50.0	Surrogate 2
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 50.0	Surrogate 3
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 50.0	UIP's
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 50.0	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 50.0	
1,2-Dichleropropane	< 50.0	
1,3-Dichtoropropane	< 50.0	
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 50.0	
1,1-Dichloropropene	< 50.0	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 50.0	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 50.0	
Ethylbenzene	61.0	



32 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

LABORATORY REPORT

SW 8260

CLIENT: Griffin International PROJECT: Stagecoach/#3985300

SITE: MW #3

DATE RECEIVED: January 27, 1999 REPORT DATE: February 5, 1999 ANALYSIS DATE: February 1, 1999 ORDER ID: 1175

REFERENCE NUMBER: 134213 DATE SAMPLED: January 26, 1999

TIME SAMPLED: 11:24 AM

	Result
<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L
Benzene	1.3
Bromobenzene	< 1.0
Bromochloromethane	< 2.0
Bromodiehloromethane	< 1.0
Bromoform	< 1.0
Bromomethane	< 5.0
n-Butylbenzene	< 1.0
sec-Butylbenzene	< 1.0
tert-Butylbenzene	< 1.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 1.0
Chlorobenzene	< 1.0
Chloroethane	< 5.0
Chloroform	1.8
Chloromethane	< 10.0
2-Chlorotoluene	< 2.0
4-Chlorotoluene	< 2.0
Dibromochloromethane	< 1.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 2.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.0
Dibromomethane	< 2.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	.< 1.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 10.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 1.0
cis-1,2-Dichtoroethene	< 1.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0
1,3-Dichloropropane	< 1.0
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Ethylbenzene	< 1.0

	Result
Parameter	ug/L
Hexachlorobutadiene	< 5.0
Isopropylbenzene	< 1.0
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 1.0
Methylene Chloride	< 5.0
MTBE	26.1
Naphthalene	< 5.0
n-Propylbenzene	< 1.0 -
Styrene	< 1.0
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
Tetrachloroethene	< 1.0
Toluene	< 1.0
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
Trichloroethene	< 1.0
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.0
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 1.0
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	2.5
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1.4
Vinyl Chloride	< 5.0
Xylenes, Total	5.7
Surrogate 1	104.%
Surrogate 2	85.1%
Surrogate 3	96.8%
UIP's	2.



32 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

LABORATORY REPORT

SW 8260

CLIENT: Griffin International PROJECT: Stagecoach/#3985300

SITE: MW #4

DATE RECEIVED: January 27, 1999 REPORT DATE: February 5, 1999 ANALYSIS DATE: February 4, 1999

ORDER ID: 1175

REFERENCE NUMBER: 134214

DATE SAMPLED: January 26, 1999 TIME SAMPLED: 11:38 AM

	Result
<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L
Benzene	1,010.
Bromobenzene	< 20.0
Bromochloromethane	< 40.0
Bromodichloromethane	< 20.0
Bromoform	< 20.0
Bromomethane	< 100.
n-Butylbenzene	< 20.0
sec-Butylbenzene	< 20.0
tert-Butylbenzene	< 20.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 20.0
Chlorobenzene	< 20.0
Chloroethane	< 100.
Chloroform	< 20.0
Chloromethane	< 200.
4-Chlorotoluene	< 40.0
2-Chlorotoluene	< 40.0
Dibromochloromethane	< 20.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 40.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 40.0
Dibromomethane	< 40.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 20.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene.	< 20.0
l,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 20.0
Diehlorodifluoromethane	< 200.
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 20.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 20.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 20.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 20.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 20.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 20.0
1,3-Dichloropropane	< 20.0
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 20.0
1,1-Diehloropropene	< 20.0
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 20.0
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 20.0
Ethylbenzene	361.

•	Result
<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L
Hexachlorobutadiene	< 100.
Isopropylbenzene	31.2
p-Isopropyltoluene	< 20.0
Methylene Chloride	< 100.
MTBE	2,750.
Naphthalene	< 100.
n-Propylbenzene	81.6
Styrene	< 20.0
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 40.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 40.0
Tetrachloroethene	< 20.0
Toluene	1,950.
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 40.0
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 40.0
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 20.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 20.0
Trichloroethene	< 20.0
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 40.0
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 20.0
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	781
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	274. ~
Vinyl Chloride	< 100.
Xylenes, Total	2,670.
Surrogate 1	110.%
Surrogate 2	95.1%
Surrogate 3	96.2%
UIP's	>10.

Other (Specify):

32 James Brown Orive

Williston, Vermont 05495

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

3985300 Project Name: STAGE COACH Reporting Address: Billing Address: Site Location: RANDOLPA GRIFFIN GRIFFIN Sampler Name:
Phone #: DON TOUR PANGEMO Endyne Project Number: Company: Contact Name/Phone #: Town Koccy

Lab#	Lab# Sample Location		G C R O	Date/Time	Sample Containers		Field Results/Remarks	Analysis	Sample	Rush	
			A B	M P	1-26-99	No.	Type/Size		Required	Preservation	
134212	TRIP BLANC	1/20	X		07:10	2	40 m C		8260	NCC	
134213	luw#3		1		11:24						
134214	1. wty				11:38	П					
134215	14W # Z				11:44						
134216	1411 # Z		\/		12:03						
134217	DUPLICATE.	V	V		12:03	V	W			\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
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Relinquished by: Signature ed 17 MW Pate/Time Received by: Signature Relinquished by: Signature Received by: Signature Date/Time New York State Project: Yes No

Requested Analyses pН 6 TKN Total Solids Metals (Specify) 21 EPA 624 EPA 8270 B/N or Acid 2 Chloride Total P 12 TSS 17 Coliform (Specify) EPA 625 B/N or A 27 EPA 8010/8020 22 Ammonia N Total Diss. P 13 TDS COD EPA 8080 Pest/PCB 18 23 EPA 418.1 4 Nitrite N 9 BOD, 14 Turbidity BTEX 19 24 EPA 608 Pest/PCB 5 Nitrate N Alkalinity Conductivity. 20 EPA 601/602 25 EPA 8240 TCLP (Specify: volatiles, semi-volatiles, metals, pesticides, herbicides) 29